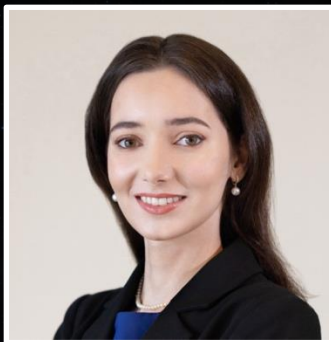
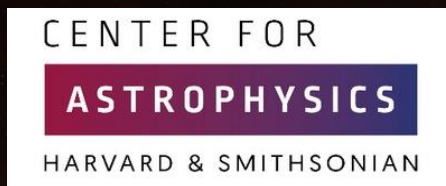


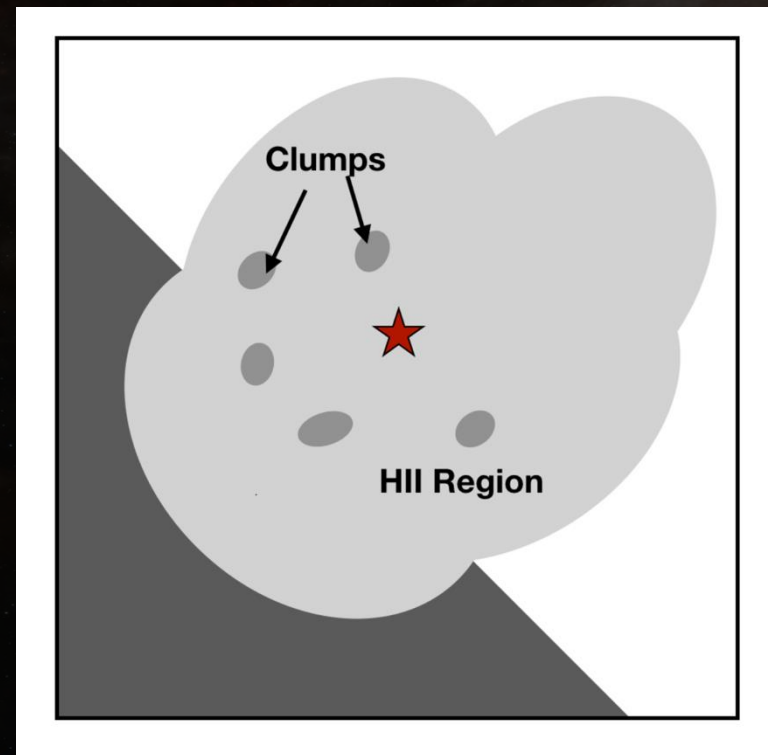
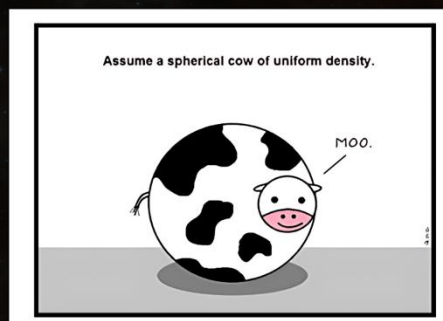
Exploring Non-Uniformity of the ISM in Spatially Resolved HII Regions



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 Lisa Kewley (Harvard/CfA), Kathryn Grasha (ANU), Yifei Jin (CfA)

Background:

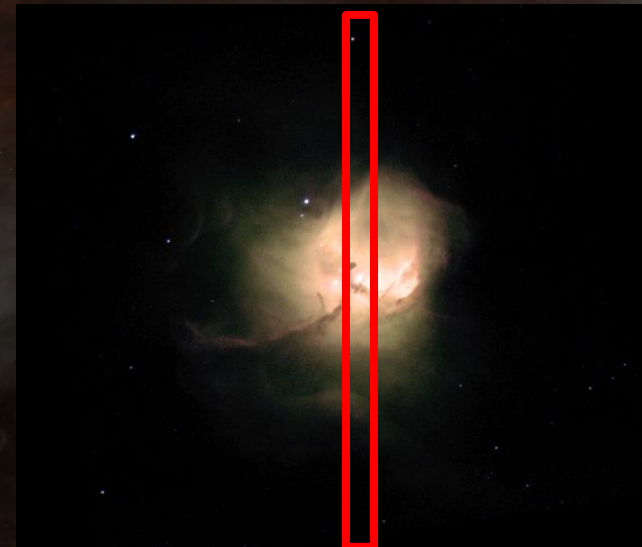
- Star-forming HII regions provide a vital probe of gas-phase metallicity, and allow us to trace the cumulative chemical evolution of the ISM in a galaxy
- However, models of HII regions often assume a 'spherical cow' (uniform density or temperature) which does not account for spatial variations such as density clumps or inhomogeneities that bias the observed line emission
- Metallicity diagnostics are typically calibrated on integrated HII regions which also do not account for this



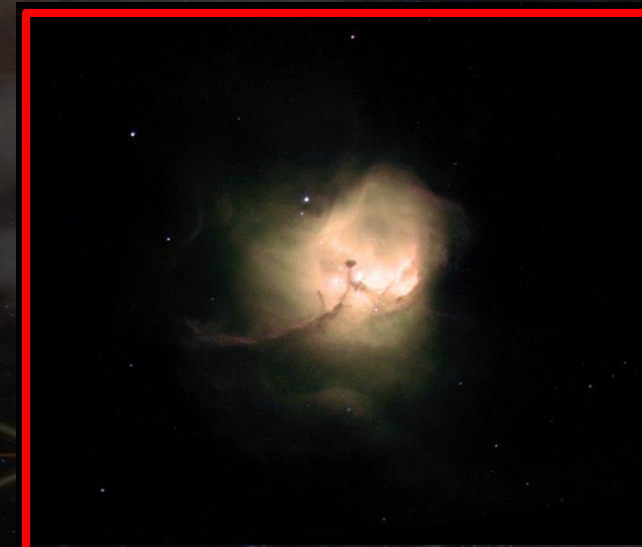
HII region diagram adapted from Jin et al. 2022.

Is an integrated HII region metallicity truly representative of all the ISM *within* an HII region?

*example HST image of SMC N81



1 arcsec slit - one integrated value for entire HII region



IFU observations - one value per pixel in FOV

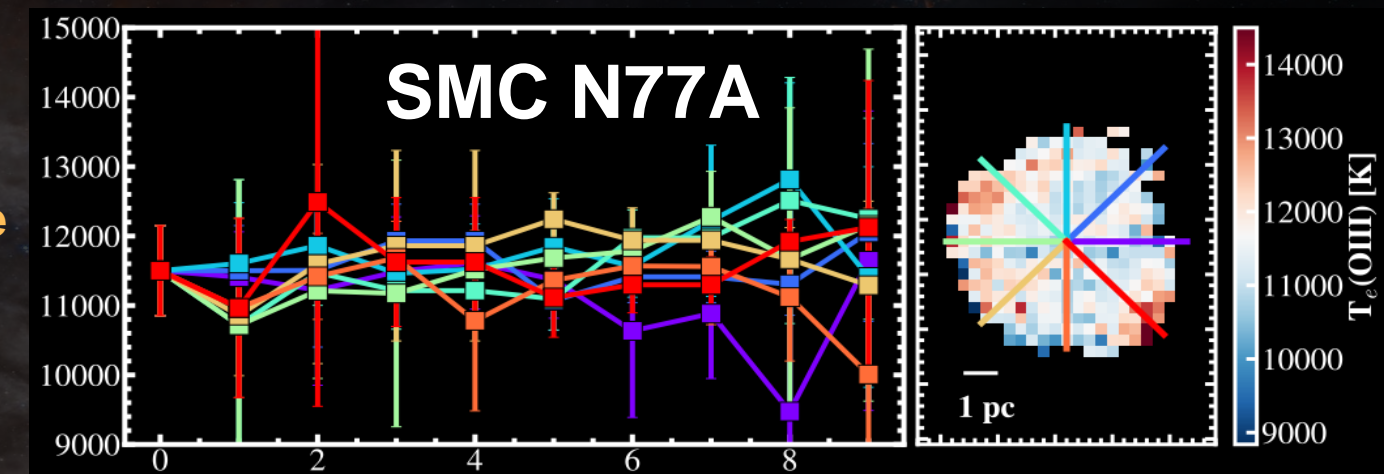
Sub-parsec resolution of WiFeS IFU observations from ANU 2.3m telescope allow us to **map variations and complex internal structures throughout HII regions.**

- Sample of compact HII regions in the Magellanic Clouds at **~0.3pc resolution**
- Deep enough to detect **faint lines** required for direct temperature and metallicity

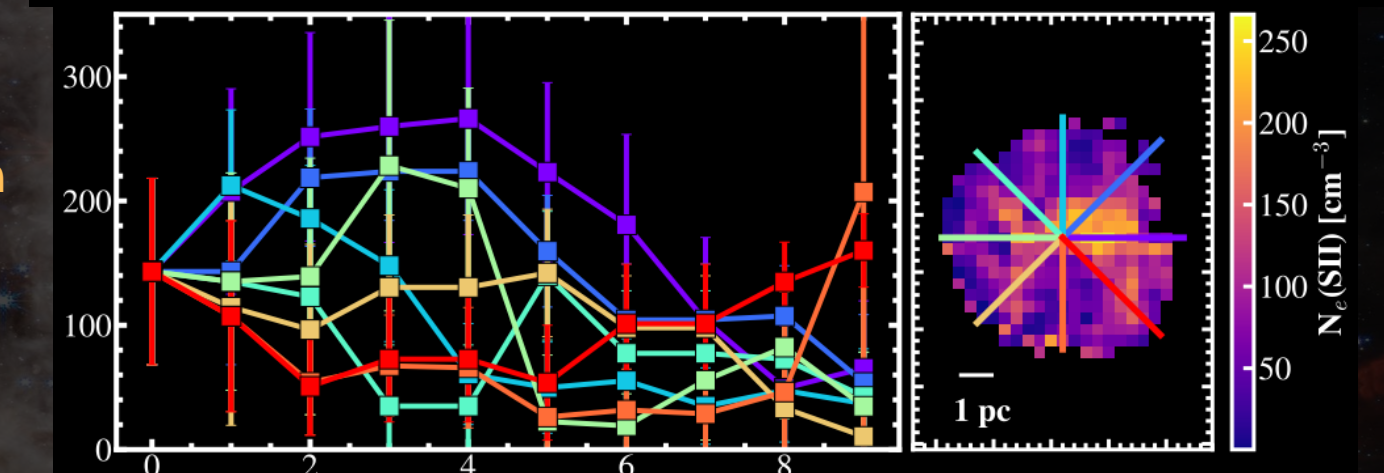
Spatial distribution of electron temperature, density, ionization parameter and gas-phase metallicity is **not homogeneous or isotropic.**

More results in *Ridolfo et al. in prep.*

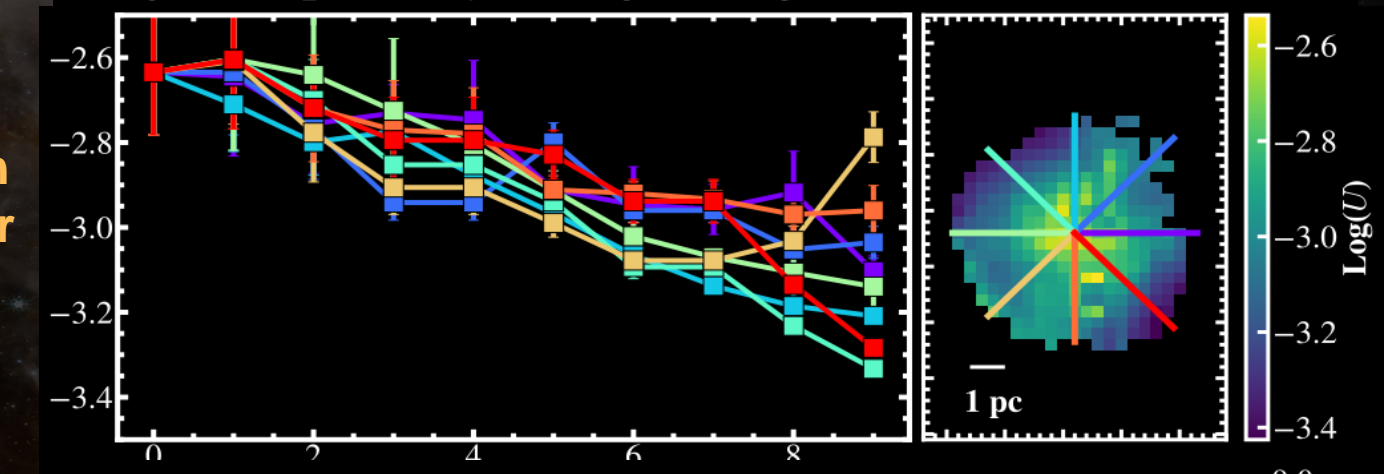
Temperature



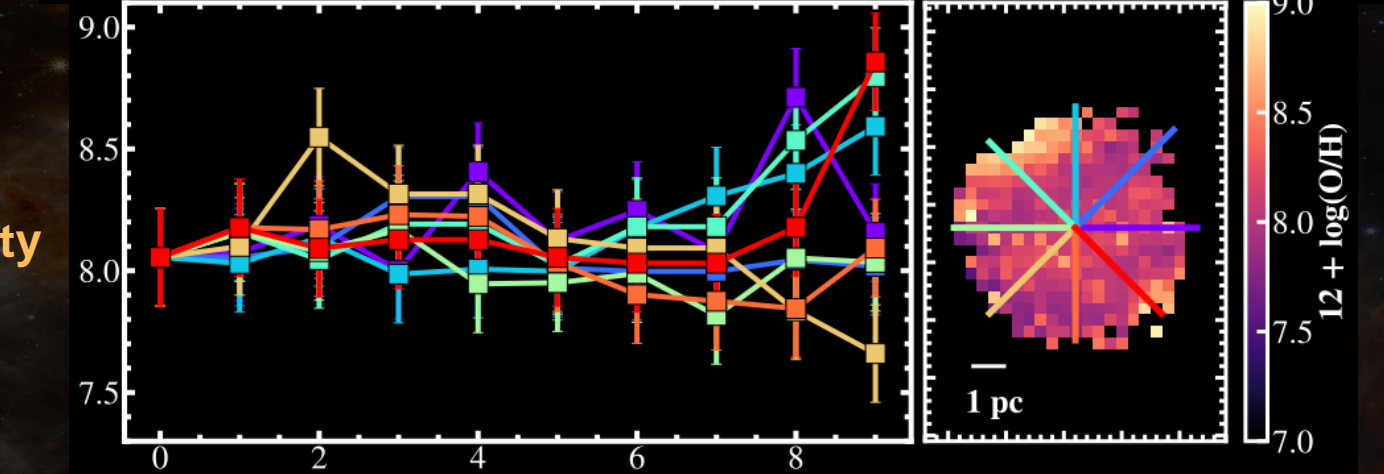
Electron Density



Ionization Parameter



Direct Metallicity



Radius of HII Region (arcsec)